

culation of the steam and the exposure of all the hair or bristles to such steam. If the hair or bristles are placed in the autoclave in wrapped bundles, the ends of the bundles shall be left open.

(d) *Handling and storage.* Hair or bristles which have been treated, by sterilization or otherwise, shall be marked with the date of treatment, the method used, and name and location of the establishment at which treatment occurred, and shall be so handled and stored as to prevent their contamination or recontamination with anthrax spores.

(e) *Identifying marks.* Lather brushes shall be marked permanently with the name of the manufacturer or with an identifying mark of the manufacturer registered with the Surgeon General.

(f) *Inspection.* Persons engaged in processing or other handling of hair or bristles for use in lather brushes manufactured for transportation in interstate traffic and persons engaged in manufacturing such lather brushes from hair or bristles shall permit authorized representatives of the Surgeon General to make at any reasonable time such inspection of the plants or other places, including the equipment, operations, and products thereof, at which such manufacturing, processing or handling is carried on as may be necessary in the judgment of such representatives to determine compliance with the provisions of this section.

[40 FR 5620, Feb. 6, 1975, as amended at 54 FR 24900, June 12, 1989]

§ 1240.75 Garbage.

(a) A person shall not transport, receive, or cause to be transported or received, garbage in interstate traffic and feed such garbage to swine unless, prior to the feeding, such garbage has received minimum heat treatment.

(b) A person transporting garbage in interstate traffic shall not make, or agree to make, delivery thereof to any person with knowledge of the intent or customary practice of such person to feed to swine garbage which has not been subjected to minimum heat treatment.

Subpart E—Source and Use of Potable Water

§ 1240.80 General requirements for water for drinking and culinary purposes.

Only potable water shall be provided for drinking and culinary purposes by any operator of a conveyance engaged in interstate traffic, except as provided in § 1250.84(b) of this chapter. Such water shall either have been obtained from watering points approved by the Commissioner of Food and Drugs, or, if treated aboard a conveyance, shall have been subjected to treatment approved by the Commissioner of Food and Drugs.

[40 FR 5620, Feb. 6, 1975, as amended at 48 FR 11431, Mar. 18, 1983]

§ 1240.83 Approval of watering points.

(a) The Commissioner of Food and Drugs shall approve any watering point if (1) the water supply thereat meets the standards prescribed in the Environmental Protection Agency's Primary Drinking Water Regulations as set forth in 40 CFR part 141, and (2) the methods of and facilities for delivery of such water to the conveyance and the sanitary conditions surrounding such delivery prevent the introduction, transmission, or spread of communicable diseases.

(b) The Commissioner of Food and Drugs may base his approval or disapproval of a watering point upon investigations made by representatives of State departments of health or of the health authorities of contiguous foreign nations.

(c) If a watering point has not been approved, the Commissioner of Food and Drugs may permit its temporary use under such conditions as, in his judgment, are necessary to prevent the introduction, transmission, or spread of communicable diseases.

(d) Upon request of the Commissioner of Food and Drugs, operators of conveyances shall provide information as to watering points used by them.

[40 FR 5620, Feb. 6, 1975, as amended at 48 FR 11431, Mar. 18, 1983; 48 FR 13978, Apr. 1, 1983]